

securities serv., asset mgmt., commercial bkg., retail fin'l serv., card services, and private equity investment. Net loan losses: 3.81% of

Chairman & CEO: J. Dimon. Inc.: DE. Address: 270 Park Ave., NY, NY 10017. Tel.: 212-270-6000. Internet: www.jpmorganchase.com.

Past Est'd '08-'10 5 Yrs. 9.0% -5.0% -14.0% 10 Yrs. to '14-'16 -3.5% -5.5% 18.5% 12.5% 7.5% 9.0% 7.5% 8.5% 5.5% LOANS (\$ mill.)

28520

2031989 2117605 2246764

31602 342266

Total

Loans

Earnings

Dividends

Book Value

Total Assets

Mar 24

Loan Loss Resrv.

ANNUAL RATES

of change (per sh)

endar	war.31	Jun.30	Sep.su	Dec.31	
2008	525310	524783	742329	721734	
2009	680862	651529	622511	601856	
2010	675613	663647	656370	660661	
2011	656246	661216	659000	660000	
2012	662000	668000	673000	680000	
Cal-	EA	A	Full		
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2008	.68	.54	d.06	d.28	.84
2009	.40	.28	.80	.74	2.24
2010	.74	1.09	1.01	1.12	3.96
2011	1.28	1.27	1.20	1.15	4.90
2012	1.20	1.27	1.33	1.40	5.20
Cal-	QUARTERLY DIVIDENDS PAID B				Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2007	.34	.34	.38	.38	1.44
2008	.38	.38	.38	.38	1.52
2009	.38	.05	.05	.05	.53
2010	.05	.05	.05	.05	.20
2011	.05	.25	.25		

JPMorgan turned in another quarter of relatively strong results in the June interim. Earnings reflected solid performances across most of its businesses. The release of credit card loan loss reserves added \$0.15 a share to net; securities gains contributed \$0.12 Loan delinquencies fell. But low interest rates pressured the margin and net interest revenue. Operating expenses, including foreclosure costs (a penalty of \$0.15 a share) and mortgage litigation reserves (a negative \$0.19), were elevated.

The near-term outlook appears more challenging. It's unclear whether investment banking revenue will stay as strong as in the first half. Moreover, management expects charge-offs of mortgage and home equity loans of around \$12 billion a quarter, and mortgage repurchase losses to run at a \$12 billion annual rate over the rest of 2011. The company estimates that new regulations may reduce annual debit card revenue by \$1 billion starting in the December quarter. And credit card loan balances may continue to decline. In 2012, mortgage foreclosure expenses probably will remain high; releases of loan loss reserves (\$3 billion, contributing \$0.44 a share to earnings in the first half of 2011) may not be as large; and the debit card rules will be in place for a full year. Although we still expect the company to post good results this year and next, we have trimmed our share-net estimates for the second half of 2011 and for 2012 by \$0.17 and \$0.30, respectively.

Exposure to troubled European nations is about \$15 billion, net of hedging and collateral, with Morgan's ultimate losses estimated at \$3 billion, at worst.

The view to 2014-2016 remains favorable. JPMorgan has decent positions in the investment banking and credit card businesses. By mid-decade, foreclosure and credit costs should moderate; better economic activity, international expansion, and increased business lending in former Washington Mutual offices ought to lift loan volumes; the company is positioned to benefit when interest rates rise. Healthy equity capital levels probably will permit aggressive share repurchases and further dividend increases. The timely stock has good 3 to 5-year total return potential. Theresa Brophy August 19, 2011

Excludes unusual expenses: '04, \$1.31; '05,

mid-Oct. (B) Dividends historically paid late for stock splits.

(A) Chase Manhattan only prior to '00. Diluted earnings. Quarterly earnings per share in '07, '08, &'09 do not sum due to change in shares. '08, \$0.53; '09, \$0.02. Next earnings report | \$4.8 bill., \$16.57/sh. (D) In millions, adjusted

Company's Financial Strength Stock's Price Stability 45 Price Growth Persistence 40 **Earnings Predictability** 35