

Global Payments Inc.

S&P Recommendation **HOLD** ★★☆☆☆

Price
\$51.47 (as of Feb 10, 2012)

12-Mo. Target Price
\$50.00

Investment Style
Mid-Cap Growth

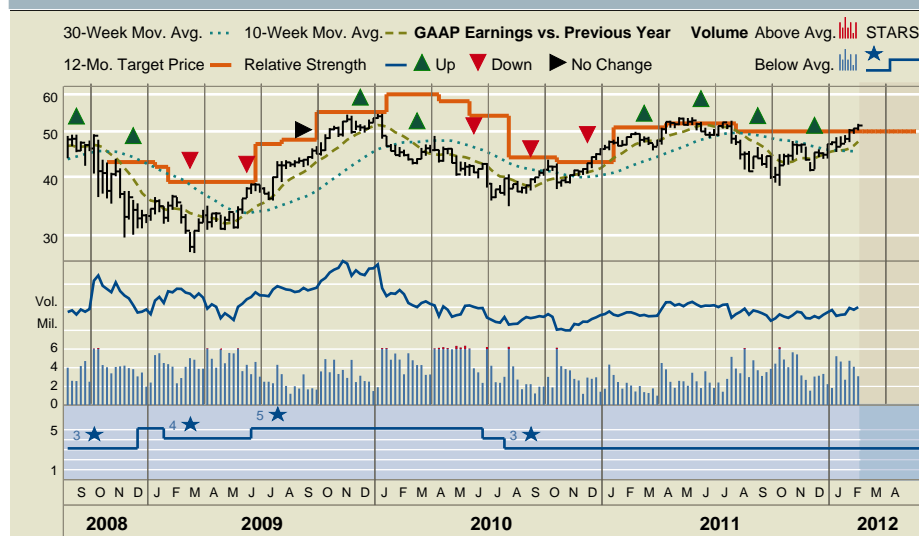
GICS Sector Information Technology
Sub-Industry Data Processing & Outsourced Services

Summary This company provides electronic transaction processing services.

Key Stock Statistics (Source S&P, Vickers, company reports)

52-Wk Range	\$53.67–38.26	S&P Oper. EPS 2012E	3.18	Market Capitalization(B)	\$4.033	Beta	0.91
Trailing 12-Month EPS	\$2.88	S&P Oper. EPS 2013E	3.54	Yield (%)	0.16	S&P 3-Yr. Proj. EPS CAGR(%)	13
Trailing 12-Month P/E	17.9	P/E on S&P Oper. EPS 2012E	16.2	Dividend Rate/Share	\$0.08	S&P Credit Rating	NA
\$10K Invested 5 Yrs Ago	\$13,206	Common Shares Outstg. (M)	78.4	Institutional Ownership (%)	96		

Price Performance



Qualitative Risk Assessment

LOW **MEDIUM** **HIGH**

Our risk assessment reflects our view of the company's exposure to fluctuations in consumer spending and debit card usage, offset by our outlook for increasing card transactions, the company's disciplined expansion strategy, focus on cost synergies, and consistent execution.

Quantitative Evaluations

S&P Quality Ranking **A**

D C B- B B+ A- **A** A+

Relative Strength Rank **MODERATE**

70
LOWEST = 1 HIGHEST = 99

Revenue/Earnings Data

Revenue (Million \$)

	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Year
2012	542.8	530.5	--	--	--
2011	440.1	443.5	456.4	519.8	1,860
2010	409.9	409.0	398.5	425.1	1,642
2009	405.8	401.1	392.7	402.0	1,602
2008	311.0	308.8	310.6	343.8	1,274
2007	260.3	260.7	260.4	280.1	1,062

Earnings Per Share (\$)

	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Year
2012	0.79	0.78	E0.75	E0.86	E3.18
2011	0.61	0.67	0.60	0.72	2.61
2010	0.71	0.71	0.58	0.42	2.52
2009	0.71	0.60	-1.34	0.46	0.46
2008	0.53	0.48	0.50	0.51	2.01
2007	0.51	0.42	0.42	0.40	1.75

Fiscal year ended May 31. Next earnings report expected: Early April. EPS Estimates based on S&P Operating Earnings; historical GAAP earnings are as reported.

Dividend Data (Dates: mm/dd Payment Date: mm/dd/yy)

Amount (\$)	Date Decl.	Ex-Div. Date	Stk. of Record	Payment Date
0.020	05/03	05/13	05/17	05/31/11
0.020	08/03	08/15	08/17	08/31/11
0.020	11/02	11/14	11/16	11/30/11
0.020	02/01	02/13	02/15	02/29/12

Dividends have been paid since 2001. Source: Company reports.

Analysis prepared by Equity Analyst **Dylan Cathers** on Jan 06, 2012, when the stock traded at **\$45.98**.

Highlights

- ▶ We look for sales to increase 17.5% in FY 12 (May) and 9.0% in FY 13. The gain we see includes \$25 million to \$30 million of revenues from a joint venture formed in late 2010 with La Caixa, Spain's largest retail bank. Sales growth in the U.S. has been healthy, and we expect that to continue, although we do not anticipate much growth in Canada or the Asia/Pacific region. Additional revenues will stem from two recent acquisitions and a third that is expected to close in GPN's February quarter.
- ▶ We expect operating margin improvement in FY 12, as the company benefits from a one-time marketing true up in Spain and better pricing. We believe GPN's expenses surrounding the Philippines service center will be a drag, as will increased investments in technology to support growth initiatives and in GPN's sales force, and integration expenses from recent acquisitions. These headwinds should be partially offset as GPN benefits across its global operations from consolidation onto common processing platforms and improving economies of scale.
- ▶ After EPS from continuing operations of \$2.76 in FY 11, we see EPS rising to \$3.18 in FY 12 and \$3.54 in FY 13.

Investment Rationale/Risk

- ▶ We expect opportunistic acquisitions, consistent execution, and geographic expansion to broaden GPN's market presence. While consumer spending remains moderate, we think GPN's card transaction volumes will benefit from strength in its ISO channel. GPN's presence in less discretionary channels, such as education, government, utilities, grocery and health care, will underpin growth, in our view, but the company has exposure to discretionary spending as well, and is not immune to the economies in the regions where it operates. We see some headwinds ahead until macro-economic conditions stabilize in certain key markets.
- ▶ Risks to our recommendation and target price include lower debit card usage, pricing pressure, unfavorable currency fluctuations, widespread bankruptcies among GPN's merchants, customer losses, and turnover within the ISO channel.
- ▶ We derive our 12-month target price of \$50 by applying a roughly peer-average multiple of 14.8X our calendar 2012 EPS estimate of \$3.37.

Global Payments Inc.**Business Summary** January 06, 2012

CORPORATE OVERVIEW. Global Payments is a high volume processor of electronic transactions and payments. The company acts as a merchant acquirer, an intermediary between the merchant, the card associations and card issuers whose products and services enable merchants to accept card-based payments. Through its merchant services offering, GPN provides credit and debit card transaction-processing services as well as check guarantee and verification, and recovery solutions. The company's money transfer operations, which accounted for 9% of FY 09 sales, were sold in May 2010 for \$85 million. We have a favorable view of this decision, since growth for the business waned as the economy weakened. In addition, as a cost leader in the money transfer market, margins for the business were well below those for GPN's core merchant services business.

The company sells its merchant services offering under two models, "direct" and "indirect." Under the direct model, GPN sells a full-service offering (front-end and back-end processing and customer and other related support services) to merchants through its internal sales force or through ISOs or other sales channels. In either case, the end customer is the merchant. Pricing under the direct model is based on a percentage of the transaction value. Direct sales through ISOs are charged a fee per transaction. The majority of GPN's merchant services sales are direct. Indirect sales are to financial institutions and a few ISOs that in turn resell GPN's services to merchants on an a la carte basis with pricing on a specified amount per transaction. Under both models, GPN also charges other fees not related to the number of transactions or the dollar value of transactions.

MARKET PROFILE. We believe GPN's merchant acquiring business is benefiting from the rising global usage of card-based payment methods and the ongoing shift from traditional paper-based forms of payment to card-based and electronic payments. The Nilson Report (April 2010) estimated that worldwide purchase volume using general purpose cards rose 8% in 2009, to \$7.6 trillion. In the U.S., more than \$3 trillion of consumer spending was charged using these cards in 2009, down 3% from the prior year, according to the Nilson Report (February 2010). GPN primarily competes in the mid-market for merchant acquiring, a segment we consider to be attractive as it is less penetrated than the market for large national clients. Also, mid-tier merchants have less pricing power, in our view.

CORPORATE STRATEGY. GPN seeks to increase its penetration in existing markets and expand into new geographic regions and new payment areas. Acquisitions and joint ventures have played an important role in its strategy. In February and May 2004, GPN acquired an aggregate of 98.3% of MUZO, which GPN said was the largest indirect payment processor in the Czech Republic. In April 2009, the company completed its purchase of ZAO United Card Service (UCS), a leading Russian merchant acquirer, for \$75 million.

In July 2006, the company entered into a joint venture with The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corp. Limited (HSBC), broadly expanding its presence in the Asia-Pacific region. More recently, acquisitions have continued to play an important role in expanding GPN's global reach. In June 2008, GPN acquired a majority interest in HSBC Merchant Services LLP, which expanded its presence in the United Kingdom, for \$439 million; in June 2009, the company purchased the 49% stake in its U.K.-based joint venture with HSBC that it did not previously own, for \$308 million. In late December 2010, the company finalized a joint venture with La Caixa, Spain's largest retail bank, paying 125 million euros (about \$170 million) for a 51% stake. La Caixa, which held a 21% share of the Spanish merchant acquiring market at the time, contributed this business to the joint venture and entered a 20-year marketing and customer referral agreement with the joint venture.

IMPACT OF MAJOR DEVELOPMENTS. In June 2010, the company disclosed that Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (CIBC) would not be renewing its Visa sponsorship agreement with the company after its 10-year term expires in March 2011. GPN needs bank sponsorship to process Visa transactions in Canada. GPN applied some time ago to become a loan company in Canada so third-party sponsorship would not be needed once the application is accepted and the loan company formed. Negotiations with CIBC regarding marketing referrals recently concluded favorably with a new multi-year referral agreement, but GPN did not stand to lose its existing business if no agreement had been reached, since it owns the underlying contracts.

FINANCIAL TRENDS. The company's revenues rose at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of about 18% from FY 01 to FY 11, aided by acquisitions. Operating income posted a 27% CAGR from FY 01 to FY 11. We see modest near-term margin contraction due to headwinds in certain operating regions, a delay in the implementation of a unified front end in the U.S., and ongoing investment and geographic expansion. Longer term, we project an expansion in operating margins arising from the consolidation of facilities and technology platforms.

Corporate Information**Investor Contact**

J.M. Elliott (770-829-8234)

Office

10 Glenlake Parkway NE, North Tower, Atlanta, GA 30328-3473.

Telephone

770-829-8000.

Fax

770-829-8515.

Email

investor.relations@globalpay.com

Website<http://www.globalpaymentsinc.com>**Officers****Chrmn & CEO**

P.R. Garcia

EVP, Secy & General**Counsel**

S.P. Tornay

Pres

J.S. Sloan

SVP & Chief Acctg**Officer**

D.C. O'Keefe

EVP & Chief Admin**Officer**

M.M. Schuessler, Jr.

Board Members

E. H. Burba, Jr.

P. R. Garcia

A. W. Hart

W. I. Jacobs

R. L. Killian, Jr.

R. A. Marshall

A. M. Silberstein

M. W. Trapp

G. J. Wilkins

Domicile

Georgia

Founded

2000

Employees

3,753

Stockholders

2,476

Global Payments Inc.

Quantitative Evaluations

S&P Fair Value Rank	4+	1	2	3	4	5
		LOWEST				HIGHEST
		Based on S&P's proprietary quantitative model, stocks are ranked from most overvalued (1) to most undervalued (5).				

Fair Value Calculation	\$55.80	Analysis of the stock's current worth, based on S&P's proprietary quantitative model suggests that GPN is slightly undervalued by \$4.33 or 8.4%.
-------------------------------	---------	---

Investability Quotient Percentile	98
	LOWEST = 1 HIGHEST = 100
	GPN scored higher than 98% of all companies for which an S&P Report is available.

Volatility	LOW	AVERAGE	HIGH
-------------------	-----	---------	------

Technical Evaluation	BULLISH	Since December, 2011, the technical indicators for GPN have been BULLISH.
-----------------------------	---------	---

Insider Activity	UNFAVORABLE	NEUTRAL	FAVORABLE
-------------------------	-------------	---------	-----------

Expanded Ratio Analysis

	2011	2010	2009	2008
Price/Sales	2.05	2.31	2.72	2.08
Price/EBITDA	8.89	9.62	11.62	8.95
Price/Pretax Income	11.76	12.23	27.02	10.16
P/E Ratio	16.64	18.31	NM	16.32
Avg. Diluted Shares Outstg (M)	80.5	82.1	81.0	81.0

Figures based on calendar year-end price

Key Growth Rates and Averages

Past Growth Rate (%)	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	9 Years
Sales	13.23	12.30	15.76	17.71
Net Income	10.57	31.56	7.86	15.99

Ratio Analysis (Annual Avg.)

Net Margin (%)	12.32	9.09	10.70	11.05
% LT Debt to Capitalization	12.69	14.98	8.99	5.36
Return on Equity (%)	22.40	15.85	15.94	16.42

Company Financials Fiscal Year Ended May 31

Per Share Data (\$)	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Tangible Book Value	0.79	1.09	2.04	5.70	4.09	2.70	0.39	NM	0.91	0.05
Cash Flow	3.87	3.36	1.28	2.55	2.09	1.84	1.73	1.29	1.15	0.90
Earnings	2.61	2.52	0.46	2.01	1.75	1.53	1.17	0.80	0.71	0.52
S&P Core Earnings	2.61	2.52	1.55	2.01	1.75	1.40	1.07	0.77	0.66	0.48
Dividends	NA	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.02
Payout Ratio	NA	3%	17%	4%	5%	5%	7%	10%	11%	4%
Calendar Year	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Prices:High	54.50	54.52	49.87	49.13	54.78	48.49	30.30	24.12	19.85	18.65
Prices:Low	34.61	27.48	29.67	30.00	36.48	27.40	20.71	13.00	10.50	7.50
P/E Ratio:High	21	22	NM	24	31	32	26	30	28	36
P/E Ratio:Low	13	11	NM	15	21	18	18	16	15	14

Income Statement Analysis (Million \$)

Revenue	1,860	1,642	1,602	1,274	1,062	908	784	629	516	463
Operating Income	429	395	375	297	247	229	209	158	127	111
Depreciation	82.2	68.7	66.3	44.0	25.9	25.6	45.3	35.5	32.1	28.6
Interest Expense	18.2	17.5	7.27	8.17	8.46	7.14	8.38	6.53	4.30	4.07
Pretax Income	324	310	161	261	226	202	154	109	90.2	68.9
Effective Tax Rate	29.3%	28.2%	54.1%	34.7%	32.4%	33.5%	34.7%	34.3%	35.3%	35.7%
Net Income	229	207	37.2	163	143	126	92.9	62.4	53.3	39.8
S&P Core Earnings	210	207	126	163	143	114	84.8	59.0	49.6	36.6

Balance Sheet & Other Financial Data (Million \$)

Cash	1,354	770	427	456	309	218	49.0	34.5	38.0	19.2
Current Assets	1,848	968	595	617	444	348	190	203	128	79.5
Total Assets	3,351	2,039	1,677	1,446	1,201	1,019	854	833	484	431
Current Liabilities	1,444	672	336	218	143	150	183	286	62.9	97.0
Long Term Debt	268	273	168	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.75	12.9	3.25	4.71
Common Equity	1,185	861	1,047	1,127	958	770	578	449	366	296
Total Capital	2,113	1,395	1,322	1,142	1,043	852	654	532	412	328
Capital Expenditures	98.5	56.1	40.9	45.0	35.4	25.0	34.3	24.6	17.9	22.4
Cash Flow	311	276	104	207	169	151	138	98.0	85.4	68.4
Current Ratio	1.3	1.4	1.8	2.8	3.1	2.3	1.0	0.7	2.0	0.8
% Long Term Debt of Capitalization	12.7	19.6	12.7	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.1	2.4	0.8	1.4
% Net Income of Revenue	12.3	12.6	2.3	12.8	13.5	13.8	11.8	9.9	10.3	8.6
% Return on Assets	8.5	11.2	2.4	12.3	12.9	13.4	10.8	9.2	11.6	9.0
% Return on Equity	22.4	21.7	3.4	15.6	16.5	18.6	18.1	15.3	16.1	14.0

Data as orig reptd.; bef. results of disc opers/spec. items. Per share data adj. for stk. divs.; EPS diluted. E-Estimated. NA-Not Available. NM-Not Meaningful. NR-Not Ranked. UR-Under Review.

Global Payments Inc.

Sub-Industry Outlook

Our fundamental outlook for the data processing & outsourced services sub-industry is neutral. We expect providers of these services to post earnings growth in 2012, benefiting from growth of outsourcing, the prevalence of electronic transactions, and entry into international markets. However, we remain concerned that consolidation, increased regulation and anticipated revenue loss for clients in major end markets like financial services could result in business delay or price erosion.

As economic conditions recover, we see transaction volumes for credit and debit cards and other payment methods dependent on consumer spending improving. Persistent unemployment and other economic difficulties (including the struggles in Europe) may dampen growth for payroll processors.

We view diversification into overseas regions favorably, particularly as an offset to the slower growth in the mature domestic market. Our enthusiasm for international growth is tempered somewhat by rising competition that we see, particularly as companies compete for acquisitions and other means of entry.

We believe that many data processors garner recurring revenues, generate free cash flow, and generally have healthy balance sheets. We also think these stocks provide an opportunity to participate in the IT sector without the risk associated with unproven business models. There remains potential for consolidation among market participants, in our view, as we have seen interest in the sub-industry from buyout firms in the past.

We think companies will continue to outsource to

third parties to focus on core competencies and to seek greater profitability. Globally, companies spent an estimated \$147.2 billion on business outsourcing in 2010, and IDC, a market research firm, forecasts that this will rise to \$191 billion by 2015. Also, we expect the proportion of electronic payments to rise at the expense of paper-based payments. We believe these trends bode well for data processors, although we think regulatory changes remain a concern.

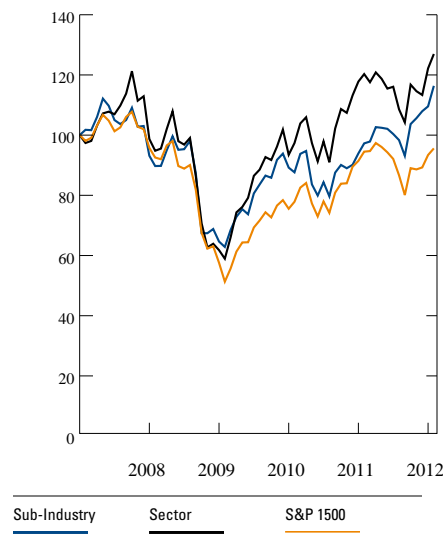
The S&P Data Processing & Outsourced Services Index fell 1.0% year to date through January 13, while the S&P 1500 was up 2.6%. In 2011, it was up 19.8% versus the S&P 1500's 0.3% decline. We note that recurring revenues, long-term contracts, and cash flows that many in the group have offer support in turbulent times.

--Dylan Cathers

Stock Performance

GICS Sector: Information Technology
Sub-Industry: Data Processing & Outsourced Services

Based on S&P 1500 Indexes
Month-end Price Performance as of 01/31/12



NOTE: All Sector & Sub-Industry information is based on the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS)

Sub-Industry : Data Processing & Outsourced Services Peer Group*: Payment Processors & Services

Peer Group	Stock Symbol	Stk.Mkt. Cap. (Mil. \$)	Recent Stock Price(\$)	52 Week High/Low(\$)	Beta	Yield (%)	P/E Ratio	Fair Value Calc.(\$)	Quality Ranking	S&P IQ %ile	Return on Revenue (%)	LTD to Cap (%)
Global Payments	GPN	4,033	51.47	53.67/38.26	0.91	0.2	18	55.80	A	98	12.3	12.7
Alliance Data Systems	ADS	5,893	117.93	118.09/75.31	1.53	Nil	22	149.70	B+	29	9.9	96.9
Cass Information Systems	CASS	400	38.63	41.74/27.05	0.56	1.8	17	NA	A	84	21.6	NA
Euronet Worldwide	EEFT	956	18.99	20.56/13.55	1.61	Nil	NM	17.50	C	20	NA	35.3
MasterCard Inc 'A'	MA	48,065	396.14	401.79/240.36	0.91	0.3	27	489.90	NR	97	28.4	NA
MoneyGram Intl	MGI	921	18.48	33.12/15.90	1.43	Nil	NM	10.30	C	87	4.8	115.7
Total System Svcs	TSS	4,313	21.42	22.42/15.80	0.98	1.9	19	20.00	B+	97	12.3	2.5
Western Union	WU	10,888	17.59	22.03/14.55	1.42	2.3	10	23.60	NR	84	21.2	80.0

NA-Not Available NM-Not Meaningful NR-Not Rated. *For Peer Groups with more than 15 companies or stocks, selection of issues is based on market capitalization.

Global Payments Inc.**S&P Analyst Research Notes and other Company News****January 6, 2012**

DOWN 1.77 to 46.22... GPN posts \$0.78 vs. \$0.67 Q2 GAAP EPS on 20% revenue rise. GPN posts \$0.86 vs. \$0.76 Q2 cash EPS. S&P Capital IQ maintains hold. ST Robinson Humphrey downgrades to neutral. ... 5.

January 6, 2012

02:52 pm ET ... GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. (GPN 46.18) DOWN 1.81, GLOBAL PAYMENTS (GPN) POSTS Q2. ST ROBINSON HUMPHREY DOWNGRADES TO NEUTRAL... Analyst Andrew Jeffrey tells salesforce downgrade follows disappointing Q2 results. Notes Q2 revenue of \$530M was \$5M shy of his model, cash EPS of \$0.86 were \$0.03 light. Believes GPN will continue struggling with adverse domestic economics. Says expected above-average international revenue growth and EBIT margin expansion are apparently not materializing. Therefore, while he believes the company can achieve revenue, EPS guidance, stock's multiple will probably remain flat or contract for the foreseeable future. S.Trombino

January 6, 2012

11:05 am ET ... S&P MAINTAINS HOLD OPINION ON SHARES OF GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. (GPN 46.01***): Nov-Q EPS of \$0.78, vs. \$0.67, is \$0.01 below our estimate. We see revenue growth of 18% in FY 12 (May), reflecting the La Caixa joint venture in Spain, a few recent acquisitions, and continued healthy growth in the U.S. We believe revenue gains in Canada and Asia/Pacific will be modest, however. Operating margins should widen this fiscal year from a one-time item and better pricing, but we see headwinds from acquisition integration costs. We lift our FY 12 EPS forecast \$0.03 to \$3.18 and FY 13's to \$3.54 from \$3.53. We reiterate our 12-month target price of \$50. /D. Cathers

December 28, 2011

03:21 pm ET ... S&P MAINTAINS HOLD OPINION ON SHARES OF GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. (GPN 47.25***): GPN is scheduled to report November-quarter results on January 5, and we look for EPS of \$0.79, vs. normalized EPS of \$0.70, on revenues of about \$530M. For the full fiscal year 2012 (May), we expect revenue growth of 16%, reflecting the addition of a joint venture last December and increased international sales. We expect wider operating margins this year, aided by a one-time true up and improved pricing, but look for margins to narrow on investments in FY 13. We are keeping our FY 12 and FY 13 EPS estimates of \$3.15 and \$3.53, as well as our 12-month target price of \$50. /D. Cathers

October 5, 2011

GPN posts \$0.79 vs. \$0.61 Q1 GAAP EPS on 23% revenue rise. S&P Capital IQ consensus forecast was \$0.74. Sees \$3.13-\$3.20 FY 12 GAAP EPS on revenue of \$2.10B-\$2.15B.

October 5, 2011

09:49 am ET ... S&P MAINTAINS HOLD OPINION ON SHARES OF GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. (GPN 42.69***): Shares are up this morning after GPN posts Aug-Q EPS of \$0.79, vs. normalized EPS of \$0.67, which is \$0.04 above our estimate. We see revenue growth of 16% in FY 12 (Aug.), aided by modest transaction growth and strong gains in the gaming segment. We see some operating margin improvement this fiscal year on better pricing and a marketing true-up in Spain. We lift our FY 12 EPS forecast to \$3.15 from \$3.06 and introduce our FY 13 projection of \$3.53. We keep our 12-month target price of \$50, which is based on a roughly peer-average P/E of 15.0X our CY 2012 EPS estimate of \$3.34. /D. Cathers

October 5, 2011

09:19 am ET ... GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. (GPN 40.85) UNCHANGED, GLOBAL PAYMENTS (GPN) POSTS SOLID Q1. STIFEL NICOLAUS RAISES ESTS, KEEPS BUY... Analyst Chris Brendler tells salesforce GPN posted \$0.88 Q1 cash EPS, above his \$0.83 est. Says beat mainly driven by FX (\$0.05 benefit), resulting in higher-than-expected rev., margins in the int'l segment. Although economic outlook has become more worrisome, notes GPN processing biz showing no signs of slowing down even in Europe. While macro pressure likely to increase, expects it to be largely offset by GPN's int'l growth initiatives, Durbin regulations tailwind. Raises \$3.45 FY 12 (May) cash EPS est. to \$3.55, \$3.81 FY 13 to \$3.85. Has \$50 price target. M.Morrow

July 22, 2011

DOWN 4.39 to 47.81... GPN posts \$0.76 vs. \$0.58 Q4 normalized EPS on 22% higher revenue. Capital IQ consensus forecast was \$0.73. S&P cuts estimate on belief co. will experience a number of headwinds that will adversely affect operating margins, maintains hold. Stephens reportedly downgrades to equal-weight.

July 22, 2011

12:00 pm ET ... S&P MAINTAINS HOLD OPINION ON SHARES OF GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. (GPN 47.39***): EPS from continuing operations of \$0.76, vs. \$0.56, is \$0.03 above our estimate. For FY 12 (May), we see revenue growth of 14%, aided by the La Caixa joint venture and robust overseas gains. However, we believe the company will experience a number of headwinds that will adversely affect operating margins, including investments in the sales force and technology infrastructure, and increased corporate expenses. Also, we see higher interest expense and share count. We are cutting our FY 12 EPS estimate to \$3.06 from \$3.25 and our P/E-based 12-month target price by \$2 to \$50. /D. Cathers

June 22, 2011

10:10 am ET ... S&P MAINTAINS HOLD OPINION ON SHARES OF GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. (GPN 50.41***): We expect GPN to report May-Q results on July 21, and we look for EPS of \$0.73, vs. \$0.56 from continuing operations, on revenues of \$480M. When the company reports, we will be watching to see how its joint venture with La Caixa (Spain's largest retail bank) is progressing, which we believe will bolster revenue growth in FY 12 (May). We think operating margins narrowed in FY 11, but we expect to see some widening this fiscal year as GPN improves its global operations. We keep our FY 12 EPS estimate of \$3.25 as well as our P/E-based 12-month target price of \$52. /D. Cathers

April 1, 2011

GPN posts \$0.63 vs. \$0.58 Q3 normalized EPS on 15% revenue rise. Street was looking for EPS of \$0.64. For FY 12, co. sees revenue of \$1.8B-\$1.82B, compared to previous range of \$1.78B-\$1.82B; sees EPS from cont. ops on a cash basis of \$2.99-\$3.06, compared to previous expectation of \$2.95-\$3.06. Normalized EPS from cont. ops is expected at \$2.70-\$2.77, compared to previous range of \$2.66-\$2.77. Street view is for EPS of \$2.73.

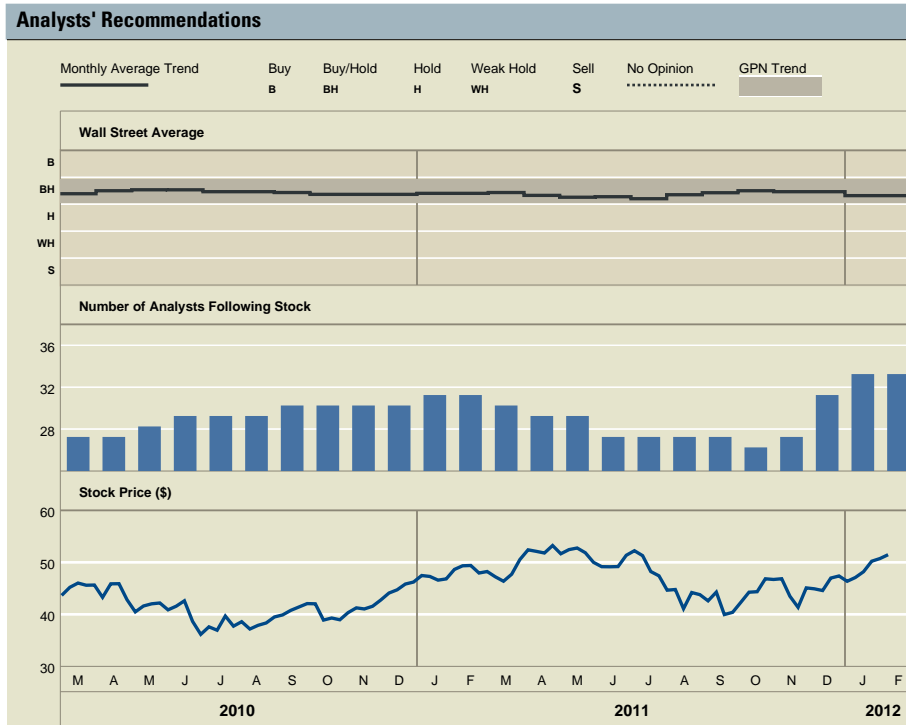
April 1, 2011

09:28 am ET ... S&P MAINTAINS HOLD RECOMMENDATION ON SHARES OF GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. (GPN 48.92***): Feb-Q EPS from continuing operations of \$0.60 vs. \$0.58 is \$0.01 below our estimate. Sales rose 15% to \$456M, \$14M above our view, aided by the La Caixa joint venture. Operating margins narrowed, impacted by investment and JV-related costs, but we see improvement in May-Q amid modest growth in Canada. We see modestly wider FY 12 (May) operating margins, aided by a recently completed back-end consolidation in the UK. We trim our FY 11 EPS estimate \$0.03 to \$2.74, but lift FY 12's by \$0.08 to \$3.25. We up our target price by \$1 to \$52, 16X our FY 12 view, near three-year average. /Z. Bokhari

February 15, 2011

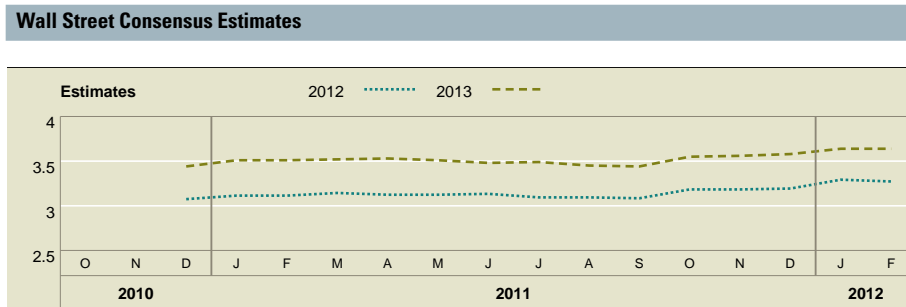
Global Payments Inc. announced the appointment of James R. Hicks as President of Global Payments Asia Pacific, responsible for its activities in the region.

Global Payments Inc.



Of the total 36 companies following GPN, 33 analysts currently publish recommendations.

	No. of Ratings	% of Total	1 Mo. Prior	3 Mos. Prior
Buy	10	30	10	12
Buy/Hold	7	21	7	2
Hold	16	48	16	13
Weak Hold	0	0	0	0
Sell	0	0	0	0
No Opinion	0	0	0	0
Total	33	100	33	27



Fiscal Years	Avg Est.	High Est.	Low Est.	# of Est.	Est. P/E
2013	3.65	4.02	3.45	27	14.1
2012	3.28	4.57	3.13	29	15.7
2013 vs. 2012	▲ 11%	▼ -12%	▲ 10%	▼ -7%	▼ -10%
Q3'13	0.85	0.93	0.79	18	60.6
Q3'12	0.76	0.84	0.71	25	67.7
Q3'13 vs. Q3'12	▲ 12%	▲ 11%	▲ 11%	▼ -28%	▼ -10%

A company's earnings outlook plays a major part in any investment decision. Standard & Poor's organizes the earnings estimates of over 2,300 Wall Street analysts, and provides their consensus of earnings over the next two years. This graph shows the trend in analyst estimates over the past 15 months.

Wall Street Consensus Opinion

BUY/HOLD

Companies Offering Coverage

Over 30 firms follow this stock; not all firms are displayed.

- B. Riley & Co., LLC
- Barclays Capital
- Barrington Research Associates, Inc.
- BofA Merrill Lynch
- Cowen and Company, LLC
- Credit Agricole Securities (USA) Inc.
- Credit Suisse
- Deutsche Bank
- Duncan-Williams, Inc.
- First Analysis Securities Corporation
- Goldman Sachs
- JP Morgan
- Janney Montgomery Scott LLC
- Jefferies & Company, Inc.
- Keefe, Bruyette, & Woods, Inc.
- Lazard Capital Markets
- Macquarie Research
- Morgan Keegan & Company
- Morgan Stanley
- Morningstar Inc.
- Northcoast Research
- Oppenheimer & Co. Inc.
- Piper Jaffray Companies
- RBC Capital Markets
- Raymond James & Associates
- Robert W. Baird & Co.
- S&P Equity Research
- Signal Hill Capital Group LLC
- Stephens, Inc.
- Sterne Agee & Leach Inc.

Wall Street Consensus vs. Performance

For fiscal year 2012, analysts estimate that GPN will earn \$3.28. For the 2nd quarter of fiscal year 2012, GPN announced earnings per share of \$0.78, representing 24% of the total annual estimate. For fiscal year 2013, analysts estimate that GPN's earnings per share will grow by 11% to \$3.65.

Global Payments Inc.

Glossary

S&P STARS

Since January 1, 1987, Standard and Poor's Equity Research Services has ranked a universe of common stocks based on a given stock's potential for future performance. Under proprietary STARS (Stock Appreciation Ranking System), S&P equity analysts rank stocks according to their individual forecast of a stock's future total return potential versus the expected total return of a relevant benchmark (e.g., a regional index (S&P Asia 50 Index, S&P Europe 350 Index or S&P 500 Index)), based on a 12-month time horizon. STARS was designed to meet the needs of investors looking to put their investment decisions in perspective. Data used to assist in determining the STARS ranking may be the result of the analyst's own models as well as internal proprietary models resulting from dynamic data inputs.

S&P 12-Month Target Price

The S&P equity analyst's projection of the market price a given security will command 12 months hence, based on a combination of intrinsic, relative, and private market valuation metrics, including S&P Fair Value.

Investment Style Classification

Characterizes the stock as Growth or Value, and indicates its capitalization level. Growth is evaluated along three dimensions (earnings, sales and internal growth), while Value is evaluated along four dimensions (book-to-price, cash flow-to-price, dividend yield and sale-to-price). Growth stocks score higher than the market average on growth dimensions and lower on value dimensions. The reverse is true for Value stocks. Certain stocks are classified as Blend, indicating a mixture of growth and value characteristics and cannot be classified as purely growth or value.

S&P EPS Estimates

Standard & Poor's earnings per share (EPS) estimates reflect analyst projections of future EPS from continuing operations, and generally exclude various items that are viewed as special, non-recurring, or extraordinary. Also, S&P EPS estimates reflect either forecasts of S&P equity analysts; or, the consensus (average) EPS estimate, which are independently compiled by Capital IQ, a data provider to Standard & Poor's Equity Research. Among the items typically excluded from EPS estimates are asset sale gains; impairment, restructuring or merger-related charges; legal and insurance settlements; in process research and development expenses; gains or losses on the extinguishment of debt; the cumulative effect of accounting changes; and earnings related to operations that have been classified by the company as discontinued. The inclusion of some items, such as stock option expense and recurring types of other charges, may vary, and depend on such factors as industry practice, analyst judgment, and the extent to which some types of data is disclosed by companies.

S&P Core Earnings

Standard & Poor's Core Earnings is a uniform methodology for adjusting operating earnings by focusing on a company's after-tax earnings generated from its principal businesses. Included in the Standard & Poor's definition are employee stock option grant expenses, pension costs, restructuring charges from ongoing operations, write-downs of depreciable or amortizable operating assets, purchased research and development, M&A related expenses and unrealized gains/losses from hedging activities. Excluded from the definition are pension gains, impairment of goodwill charges, gains or losses from asset sales, reversal of prior-year charges and provision from litigation or insurance settlements.

Qualitative Risk Assessment

The S&P equity analyst's view of a given company's operational risk, or the risk of a firm's ability to continue as an ongoing concern. The Qualitative Risk Assessment

is a relative ranking to the S&P U.S. STARS universe, and should be reflective of risk factors related to a company's operations, as opposed to risk and volatility measures associated with share prices.

Quantitative Evaluations

In contrast to our qualitative STARS recommendations, which are assigned by S&P analysts, the quantitative evaluations described below are derived from proprietary arithmetic models. These computer-driven evaluations may at times contradict an analyst's qualitative assessment of a stock. One primary reason for this is that different measures are used to determine each. For instance, when designating STARS, S&P analysts assess many factors that cannot be reflected in a model, such as risks and opportunities, management changes, recent competitive shifts, patent expiration, litigation risk, etc.

S&P Quality Ranking

Growth and stability of earnings and dividends are deemed key elements in establishing S&P's Quality Rankings for common stocks, which are designed to capsize the nature of this record in a single symbol. It should be noted, however, that the process also takes into consideration certain adjustments and modifications deemed desirable in establishing such rankings. The final score for each stock is measured against a scoring matrix determined by analysis of the scores of a large and representative sample of stocks. The range of scores in the array of this sample has been aligned with the following ladder of rankings:

A+ Highest	B Below Average
A High	B- Lower
A- Above Average	C Lowest
B+ Average	D In Reorganization
NR Not Ranked	

S&P Fair Value Rank

Using S&P's exclusive proprietary quantitative model, stocks are ranked in one of five groups, ranging from Group 5, listing the most undervalued stocks, to Group 1, the most overvalued issues. Group 5 stocks are expected to generally outperform all others. A positive (+) or negative (-) Timing Index is placed next to the Fair Value ranking to further aid the selection process. A stock with a (+) added to the Fair Value Rank simply means that this stock has a somewhat better chance to outperform other stocks with the same Fair Value Rank. A stock with a (-) has a somewhat lesser chance to outperform other stocks with the same Fair Value Rank. The Fair Value rankings imply the following: 5-Stock is significantly undervalued; 4-Stock is moderately undervalued; 3-Stock is fairly valued; 2-Stock is modestly overvalued; 1-Stock is significantly overvalued.

S&P Fair Value Calculation

The price at which a stock should trade at, according to S&P's proprietary quantitative model that incorporates both actual and estimated variables (as opposed to only actual variables in the case of S&P Quality Ranking). Relying heavily on a company's actual return on equity, the S&P Fair Value model places a value on a security based on placing a formula-derived price-to-book multiple on a company's consensus earnings per share estimate.

Insider Activity

Gives an insight as to insider sentiment by showing whether directors, officers and key employees who have proprietary information not available to the general public, are buying or selling the company's stock during the most recent six months.

Funds From Operations FFO

FFO is Funds from Operations and equal to a REIT's net income, excluding gains or losses from sales of property, plus real estate depreciation.

Investability Quotient (IQ)

The IQ is a measure of investment desirability. It serves

as an indicator of potential medium-to-long term return and as a caution against downside risk. The measure takes into account variables such as technical indicators, earnings estimates, liquidity, financial ratios and selected S&P proprietary measures.

S&P's IQ Rationale: Global Payments

	Raw Score	Max Value
Proprietary S&P Measures	30	115
Technical Indicators	24	40
Liquidity/Volatility Measures	17	20
Quantitative Measures	68	75
IQ Total	139	250

Volatility

Rates the volatility of the stock's price over the past year.

Technical Evaluation

In researching the past market history of prices and trading volume for each company, S&P's computer models apply special technical methods and formulas to identify and project price trends for the stock.

Relative Strength Rank

Shows, on a scale of 1 to 99, how the stock has performed versus all other companies in S&P's universe on a rolling 13-week basis.

Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS)

An industry classification standard, developed by Standard & Poor's in collaboration with Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI). GICS is currently comprised of 10 Sectors, 24 Industry Groups, 68 Industries, and 154 Sub-Industries.

S&P Issuer Credit Rating

A Standard & Poor's Issuer Credit Rating is a current opinion of an obligor's overall financial capacity (its creditworthiness) to pay its financial obligations. This opinion focuses on the obligor's capacity and willingness to meet its financial commitments as they come due. It does not apply to any specific financial obligation, as it does not take into account the nature of and provisions of the obligation, its standing in bankruptcy or liquidation, statutory preferences, or the legality and enforceability of the obligation. In addition, it does not take into account the creditworthiness of the guarantors, insurers, or other forms of credit enhancement on the obligation. The Issuer Credit Rating is not a recommendation to purchase, sell, or hold a financial obligation issued by an obligor, as it does not comment on market price or suitability for a particular investor. Issuer Credit Ratings are based on current information furnished by obligors or obtained by Standard & Poor's from other sources it considers reliable. Standard & Poor's does not perform an audit in connection with any Issuer Credit Rating and may, on occasion, rely on unaudited financial information. Issuer Credit Ratings may be changed, suspended, or withdrawn as a result of changes in, or unavailability of, such information, or based on other circumstances.

Exchange Type

ASE - American Stock Exchange; AU - Australia Stock Exchange; BB - Bulletin Board; NGM - Nasdaq Global Market; NNM - Nasdaq Global Select Market; NSC - Nasdaq Capital Markets; NYS - New York Stock Exchange; OTN - Other OTC (Over the Counter); OTC - Over the Counter; QB - OTCQB; QX - OTCQX; TS - Toronto Stock Exchange; TXV - TSX Venture Exchange; NEX - NEX Exchange.

S&P Equity Research Services

Standard & Poor's Equity Research Services U.S. includes Standard & Poor's Investment Advisory Services LLC; Standard & Poor's Equity Research Services Europe includes McGraw-Hill Financial Research Europe Limited trading as Standard & Poor's; Standard & Poor's Equity Research Services Asia includes Standard & Poor's LLC's offices in Singapore,

Global Payments Inc.

Standard & Poor's Investment Advisory Services (HK) Limited in Hong Kong, Standard & Poor's Malaysia Sdn Bhd, and Standard & Poor's Information Services (Australia) Pty Ltd.

Abbreviations Used in S&P Equity Research Reports

CAGR- Compound Annual Growth Rate; **CAPEX**- Capital Expenditures; **CY**- Calendar Year; **DCF**- Discounted Cash Flow; **EBIT**- Earnings Before Interest and Taxes; **EBITDA**- Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization; **EPS**- Earnings Per Share; **EV**- Enterprise Value; **FCF**- Free Cash Flow; **FFO**- Funds From Operations; **FY**- Fiscal Year; **P/E**- Price/Earnings; **PEG Ratio**- P/E-to-Growth Ratio; **PV**- Present Value; **R&D**- Research & Development; **ROE**- Return on Equity; **ROI**- Return on Investment; **ROIC**- Return on Invested Capital; **ROA**- Return on Assets; **SG&A**- Selling, General & Administrative Expenses; **WACC**- Weighted Average Cost of Capital

Dividends on American Depository Receipts (ADRs) and American Depository Shares (ADSs) are net of taxes (paid in the country of origin).

Required Disclosures

In contrast to the qualitative STARS recommendations covered in this report, which are determined and assigned by S&P equity analysts, S&P's quantitative evaluations are derived from S&P's proprietary Fair Value quantitative model. In particular, the Fair Value Ranking methodology is a relative ranking methodology, whereas the STARS methodology is not. Because the Fair Value model and the STARS methodology reflect different criteria, assumptions and analytical methods, quantitative evaluations may at times differ from (or even contradict) an equity analyst's STARS recommendations. As a quantitative model, Fair Value relies on history and consensus estimates and does not introduce an element of subjectivity as can be the case with equity analysts in assigning STARS recommendations.

S&P Global STARS Distribution

In North America: As of December 31, 2011, research analysts at Standard & Poor's Equity Research Services North America recommended 39.1% of issuers with buy recommendations, 57.4% with hold recommendations and 3.5% with sell recommendations.

In Europe: As of December 31, 2011, research analysts at Standard & Poor's Equity Research Services Europe recommended 31.5% of issuers with buy recommendations, 50.6% with hold recommendations and 17.9% with sell recommendations.

In Asia: As of December 31, 2011, research analysts at Standard & Poor's Equity Research Services Asia recommended 43.8% of issuers with buy recommendations, 51.0% with hold recommendations and 5.2% with sell recommendations.

Globally: As of December 31, 2011, research analysts at Standard & Poor's Equity Research Services globally recommended 38.3% of issuers with buy recommendations, 55.7% with hold recommendations and 6.0% with sell recommendations.

★★★★★ **5-STARS (Strong Buy):** Total return is expected to outperform the total return of a relevant benchmark, by a wide margin over the coming 12 months, with shares rising in price on an absolute basis.

★★★★☆ **4-STARS (Buy):** Total return is expected to outperform the total return of a relevant benchmark over the coming 12 months, with shares rising in price on an absolute basis.

★★★☆☆ **3-STARS (Hold):** Total return is expected to closely approximate the total return of a relevant benchmark over the coming 12 months, with shares generally rising in price on an absolute basis.

★★☆☆☆ **2-STARS (Sell):** Total return is expected to

underperform the total return of a relevant benchmark over the coming 12 months, and the share price not anticipated to show a gain.

★★★★☆ **1-STARS (Strong Sell):** Total return is expected to underperform the total return of a relevant benchmark by a wide margin over the coming 12 months, with shares falling in price on an absolute basis.

Relevant benchmarks: In North America the relevant benchmark is the S&P 500 Index, in Europe and in Asia, the relevant benchmarks are generally the S&P Europe 350 Index and the S&P Asia 50 Index.

For All Regions: All of the views expressed in this research report accurately reflect the research analyst's personal views regarding any and all of the subject securities or issuers. No part of analyst compensation was, is, or will be directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed in this research report.

S&P Global Quantitative Recommendations Distribution

In Europe: As of December 31, 2011, Standard & Poor's Quantitative Services Europe recommended 48.0% of issuers with buy recommendations, 19.0% with hold recommendations and 31.0% with sell recommendations.

In Asia: As of December 31, 2011, Standard & Poor's Quantitative Services Asia recommended 43.8% of issuers with buy recommendations, 20.0% with hold recommendations and 33.0% with sell recommendations.

Globally: As of December 31, 2011, Standard & Poor's Quantitative Services globally recommended 44.0% of issuers with buy recommendations, 20.0% with hold recommendations and 35.0% with sell recommendations.

Additional information is available upon request.

Other Disclosures

This report has been prepared and issued by Standard & Poor's and/or one of its affiliates. In the United States, research reports are prepared by Standard & Poor's Investment Advisory Services LLC ("SPIAS"). In the United States, research reports are issued by Standard & Poor's ("S&P"); in the United Kingdom by McGraw-Hill Financial Research Europe Limited, which is authorized and regulated by the Financial Services Authority and trades as Standard & Poor's; in Hong Kong by Standard & Poor's Investment Advisory Services (HK) Limited, which is regulated by the Hong Kong Securities Futures Commission; in Singapore by Standard & Poor's LLC, which is regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore; in Malaysia by Standard & Poor's Malaysia Sdn Bhd ("S&PM"), which is regulated by the Securities Commission; in Australia by Standard & Poor's Information Services (Australia) Pty Ltd ("SPIS"), which is regulated by the Australian Securities & Investments Commission; and in Korea by SPIAS, which is also registered in Korea as a cross-border investment advisory company.

The research and analytical services performed by SPIAS, McGraw-Hill Financial Research Europe Limited, S&PM, and SPIS are each conducted separately from any other analytical activity of Standard & Poor's.

Standard & Poor's or an affiliate may license certain intellectual property or provide pricing or other services to, or otherwise have a financial interest in, certain issuers of securities, including exchange-traded investments whose investment objective is to substantially replicate the returns of a proprietary Standard & Poor's index, such as the S&P 500. In cases where Standard & Poor's or an affiliate is paid fees that are tied to the amount of assets that are invested in the fund or the volume of trading activity in the fund, investment in the fund will generally result in Standard & Poor's or an affiliate earning compensation in addition to

the subscription fees or other compensation for services rendered by Standard & Poor's. A reference to a particular investment or security by Standard & Poor's and one of its affiliates is not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold such investment or security, nor is it considered to be investment advice.

Indexes are unmanaged, statistical composites and their returns do not include payment of any sales charges or fees an investor would pay to purchase the securities they represent. Such costs would lower performance. It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

Standard & Poor's and its affiliates provide a wide range of services to, or relating to, many organizations, including issuers of securities, investment advisers, broker-dealers, investment banks, other financial institutions and financial intermediaries, and accordingly may receive fees or other economic benefits from those organizations, including organizations whose securities or services they may recommend, rate, include in model portfolios, evaluate or otherwise address.

S&P Capital IQ and/or one of its affiliates has performed services for and received compensation from this company during the past twelve months.

Disclaimers

With respect to reports issued to clients in Japan and in the case of inconsistencies between the English and Japanese version of a report, the English version prevails. With respect to reports issued to clients in German and in the case of inconsistencies between the English and German version of a report, the English version prevails. Neither S&P nor its affiliates guarantee the accuracy of the translation. Assumptions, opinions and estimates constitute our judgment as of the date of this material and are subject to change without notice. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results.

Standard & Poor's, its affiliates, and any third-party providers, as well as their directors, officers, shareholders, employees, or agents (collectively S&P Parties) do not guarantee the accuracy, completeness or adequacy of this material, and S&P Parties shall have no liability for any errors, omissions, or interruptions therein, regardless of the cause, or for the results obtained from the use of the information provided by the S&P Parties. S&P PARTIES DISCLAIM ANY AND ALL EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, SUITABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE. In no event shall S&P Parties be liable to any party for any direct, indirect, incidental, exemplary, compensatory, punitive, special or consequential damages, costs, expenses, legal fees, or losses (including, without limitation, lost income or lost profits and opportunity costs) in connection with any use of the information contained in this document even if advised of the possibility of such damages. Capital IQ is a business of Standard & Poor's.

Ratings from Standard & Poor's Ratings Services are statements of opinion as of the date they are expressed and not statements of fact or recommendations to purchase, hold, or sell any securities or to make any investment decisions. Standard & Poor's assumes no obligation to update its opinions following publication in any form or format. Standard & Poor's ratings should not be relied on and are not substitutes for the skill, judgment and experience of the user, its management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions. Standard & Poor's rating opinions do not address the suitability of any security. Standard & Poor's does not act as a fiduciary. While Standard & Poor's has obtained information from sources it believes to be reliable, Standard & Poor's does not perform an audit and

Global Payments Inc.

undertakes no duty of due diligence or independent verification of any information it receives.

Standard & Poor's keeps certain activities of its business units separate from each other in order to preserve the independence and objectivity of their respective activities. As a result, certain business units of Standard & Poor's may have information that is not available to other Standard & Poor's business units. Standard & Poor's has established policies and procedures to maintain the confidentiality of certain non-public information received in connection with each analytical process.

Standard & Poor's Ratings Services did not participate in the development of this report. Standard & Poor's may receive compensation for its ratings and certain credit-related analyses, normally from issuers or underwriters of securities or from obligors. Standard & Poor's reserves the right to disseminate its opinions and analyses. Standard & Poor's public ratings and analyses are made available on its Web sites, www.standardandpoors.com (free of charge), and www.ratingsdirect.com and www.globalcreditportal.com (subscription), and may be distributed through other means, including via Standard & Poor's publications and third-party redistributors. Additional information about our ratings fees is available at www.standardandpoors.com/usratingsfees.

This material is not intended as an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any security or other financial instrument. Securities, financial instruments or strategies mentioned herein may not be suitable for all investors. Any opinions expressed herein are given in good faith, are subject to change without notice, and are only current as of the stated date of their issue. Prices, values, or income from any securities or investments mentioned in this report may fall against the interests of the investor and the investor may get back less than the amount invested. Where an investment is described as being likely to yield income, please note that the amount of income that the investor will receive from such an investment may fluctuate. Where an investment or security is denominated in a different currency to the investor's currency of reference, changes in rates of exchange may have an adverse effect on the value, price or income of or from that investment to the investor. The information contained in this report does not constitute advice on the tax consequences of making any particular investment decision. This material is not intended for any specific investor and does not take into account your particular investment objectives, financial situations or needs and is not intended as a recommendation of particular securities, financial instruments or strategies to you. Before acting on any recommendation in this material, you should consider whether it is suitable for your particular circumstances and, if necessary, seek professional advice.

This document does not constitute an offer of services in jurisdictions where Standard & Poor's or its affiliates do not have the necessary licenses.

For residents of the U.K. - This report is only directed at and should only be relied on by persons outside of the United Kingdom or persons who are inside the United Kingdom and who have professional experience in matters relating to investments or who are high net worth persons, as defined in Article 19(5) or Article 49(2) (a) to (d) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005, respectively.

For residents of Singapore - Anything herein that may be construed as a recommendation is intended for general circulation and does not take into account the specific

investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of any particular person. Advice should be sought from a financial adviser regarding the suitability of an investment, taking into account the specific investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of any person in receipt of the recommendation, before the person makes a commitment to purchase the investment product.

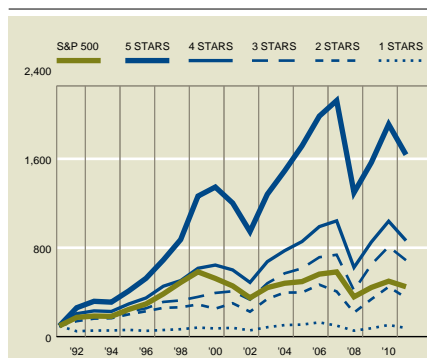
For residents of Malaysia - All queries in relation to this report should be referred to Ching Wah Tam.

For residents of Indonesia - This research report does not constitute an offering document and it should not be construed as an offer of securities in Indonesia, and that any such securities will only be offered or sold through a financial institution.

For residents of the Philippines - The securities being offered or sold have not been registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Regulation Code of the Philippines. Any future offer or sale thereof is subject to registration requirements under the Code unless such offer or sale qualifies as an exempt transaction.

U.S. STARS Cumulative Model Performance

Hypothetical Growth Due to Price Appreciation of \$100 For the Period 12/31/1986 through 01/31/2012



The performance above represents only the results of Standard & Poor's model portfolios. Model performance has inherent limitations. Standard & Poor's maintains the models and calculates the model performance shown, but does not manage actual assets. The U.S. STARS model performance chart is only an illustration of Standard & Poor's (S&P) research; it shows how U.S. common stocks, ADRs (American Depositary Receipts) and ADSs (American Depositary Shares), collectively "equities", that received particular STARS rankings performed. STARS categories are models only; they are not collective investment funds. The STARS performance does not show how any actual portfolio has performed. STARS model performance does not represent the results of actual trading of investor assets. Thus, the model performance shown does not reflect the impact that material economic and market factors might have had on decision-making if actual investor money had been managed. Performance is calculated using a time-weighted rate of return. While model performance for some or all STARS categories performed better than the S&P 500 for the period shown, the performance during any shorter period may not have, and there is no assurance that they will perform better than the S&P 500 in the future. STARS does not take into account any particular investment objective, financial situation or need and is not intended as an investment recommendation or strategy. Investments based on the STARS methodology may lose money. High returns are not necessarily the norm and there is no assurance that they can be sustained. Past model performance of STARS is no guarantee of future performance.

For model performance calculation purposes, the equities within each STARS category at December 31,

1986 were equally weighted. Thereafter, additions to the composition of the equities in each STARS category are made at the average value of the STARS category at the preceding month end with no rebalancing. Deletions are made at the closing price of the day that the deletion is made. Performance was calculated from inception through March 31, 2003 on a monthly basis. Thereafter, performance is calculated daily. Equities in each STARS category will change over time, and some or all of the equities that received STARS rankings during the time period shown may not have maintained their STARS ranking during the entire period.

The model performance does not consider taxes and brokerage commissions, nor does it reflect the deduction of any advisory or other fees charged by advisors or other parties that investors will incur when their accounts are managed in accordance with the models. The imposition of these fees and charges would cause actual performance to be lower than the performance shown. For example, if a model returned 10 percent on a \$100,000 investment for a 12-month period (or \$10,000) and an annual asset-based fee of 1.5 percent were imposed at the end of the period (or \$1,650), the net return would be 8.35 percent (or \$8,350) for the year. Over 3 years, an annual 1.5% fee taken at year end with an assumed 10% return per year would result in a cumulative gross return of 33.1%, a total fee of \$5,375 and a cumulative net return of 27.2% (or \$27,200). Fees deducted on a frequency other than annual would result in a different cumulative net return in the preceding example.

The Standard & Poor's 500 index is the benchmark for U.S. STARS. The S&P 500 index is calculated in U.S. dollars and does not take into account the reinvestment of dividends. Indexes are unmanaged, statistical composites and their returns do not include payment of any sales charges or fees an investor would pay to purchase the securities they represent. Such costs would lower performance. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. The S&P 500 index includes a different number of constituents and has different risk characteristics than the STARS equities. Some of the STARS equities may have been included in the S&P 500 index for some (but not necessarily all) of the period covered in the chart, and some such equities may not have been included at all. The S&P 500 excludes ADRs and ADSs. The methodology for calculating the return of the S&P 500 index differs from the methodology of calculating the return for STARS. Past performance of the S&P 500 index is no guarantee of future performance.

An investment based upon the models should only be made after consulting with a financial advisor and with an understanding of the risks associated with any investment in securities, including, but not limited to, market risk, currency risk, political and credit risks, the risk of economic recession and the risk that issuers of securities or general stock market conditions may worsen, over time. Foreign investing involves certain risks, including currency fluctuations and controls, restrictions on foreign investments, less governmental supervision and regulation, less liquidity and the potential for market volatility and political instability. As with any investment, investment returns and principal value will fluctuate, so that when redeemed, an investor's shares may be worth more or less than their original cost.

For residents of Australia - This report is distributed by Standard & Poor's Information Services (Australia) Pty Ltd ("SPIS") in Australia. The entirety of this report is approved by Mike Fink, who has reviewed and authorised its content as at the date of publication.

Any express or implied opinion contained in this report is limited to "General Advice" and based solely on consideration of the investment merits of the financial product(s) alone. The information in this report has not been prepared for use by retail investors and has been

Global Payments Inc.

prepared without taking account of any particular person's financial or investment objectives, financial situation or needs. Before acting on any advice, any person using the advice should consider its appropriateness having regard to their own or their clients' objectives, financial situation and needs. You should obtain a Product Disclosure Statement relating to the product and consider the statement before making any decision or recommendation about whether to acquire the product. Each opinion must be weighed solely as one factor in any investment decision made by or on behalf of any adviser and any such adviser must accordingly make their own assessment taking into account an individual's particular circumstances.

SPIS holds an Australian Financial Services Licence Number 258896. Please refer to the SPIS Financial Services Guide for more information at www.fundsinsights.com.au.